

To-Day the Fall meeting of the Kentucky Trotting Horse Breeders Association opens at Lexington.

There will be races every day until next Saturday. The blue ribbon event of the meeting is the Transylvania stakes for 2:18 trotters instituted in 1889 and for which there are 26 entries. Last year the five year old Kremlin cut down a field of twelve in 2:111/2, 2:13 and

See the Pants we are making to order at \$5.50.

## T.B. GLOSSER. Tailor and Furnisher, Saturday, 75c your choice.

145 North Main St.

\$100 REWARD That You Can Get a Better

PIANO For Less Price and Reliable

Surety of

# Barnes & Newcomb

The Popular Music Dealers. Steinway, Bradbury, Mason & Hamlin, Decker, Mathoshek & Son, Henning, Roger Bsos, Mohlen.

The above is a list of our line this season. celebrated and well known Pianos we are selling at Rock Bot-

Organs, Sewing Machines and Bicycles never were as cheap as rial Bicycle.



123 and 127 N. Main.

### Millinery Bargains

Will begin at the start this season. We have bought heavily of fine shapes and fine materials and we are Congressman Murray of South Carolina willing to give you big values. Come tomorrow and see the very moderate price we are taking for fine French hats, Real beauties. Special display Saturday.

Special Sale Childrens Cloth Hats

### We have never Displayed

now; and the prices were never quite as low on many lines. Our goods are the very best and we warrant them to give satisfaction.

## Have you been in the Cloak Dept.

Business is big in this department already.

People who want the newest garments are on to the
fact that they can't see them
elswhere in good quantities,
only just a few. Here we
have them by the hundreds
and all the correct shapes.

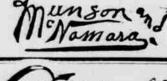
If you want a good stylish

In 1887.

A bill was passed devoting the property
of the Mormon church (now in the hands
of a receiver) to charitable purposes. The
passage of this bill marks the official winding up of the affairs of the Mormon church
under the Edmunds-Tucker act.

Mr. Oates called up the bill repealing
the statute requiring affirmative proof
of the loyalty of pensioners of wars previous to the late war, and also permitting
such pensioners to secure bounty earned
by service in the Mexican and Iudian
wars.

At the suggestion of Mr. Burrows, the now. We sell the famous Impe- fact that they can't see them







COMMISSIONER BLOUNT OPPOSED TO ANNEXING HAWAII.

President Cleveland Advised to Sub mit the Question to a Vote of the Natives of the Islands.

Makes a Bitter Speech in Opposition to the Tucker Bill.

The Senate Spends the Day in Executive Session in Consideration of the Nominations of Non-Residents for Office in the Territories-Interesting Facts and Figures Furnished by the Interstate Commerce

WASHINGTON, Oct. 5.-The nature of Mr. Blount's recommendations regarding the annexation question, says a morning paper, is to the effect that no action should be taken by the United States to A finer assortment of Hosiery and Underwear for men, women and children than we are showing right now; and the prices were

> WASHINGTON, Oct. 5.—Interest in the Tucker elections bill is flagging. Today the only speeches that attracted any attention were those of the colored repre-sentative, Mr. Murray, and Mr. Money of Mississippi. Mr. Murray was accorded unusual attention. The public gallery was packed with negroes, who applanded his utterances. Before the bill was taken up a number of resolutions were intro-

Secretary of Agriculture Morton was, by one bill passed, placed in the line of the presidential succession. The position of secretary of agriculture had not been cre-ated when the succession bill was passed in 1887.

such all the correct shapes. If you want a good stylish garment we can furnish it at the lowest price. Make no mistake, come and see what we are doing this season in Cloaks.

New Dress Goods, New Silks.

New Trimmings.

New Trimmings.

New Trimmings.

New Trimmings.

New Millinery

New Mill

the smallest increase for a number of years. There have been fewer changes in organization by railways during the year

organization by railways during the year than during any previous year. Nine roads have been abandoned, while nine-teen were merged into larger corporations. Seventeen were reorganized and sixteen were consolidated. The total number of employes in the service of the railways was \$21,415, an increase of 37,130.

The capitalization of the 162,307 miles covered by the report was \$10,225,748,134, an increase of \$37,273,119. Of the capitalization \$4,633,104,763 was represented by stocks, and \$5,033,035,050 by funded debts. The mortgage bonds amounted to \$4,302,570,963, compared with \$4,081,621,675 for the previous year.

The mortgage bonds amounted to \$4,302,570,933, compared with \$4,081,621,675 for the previous year.

The total number of passengers carried was 560,958,211.

The gross earnings from operating railroads were \$1,171,407,343; the operating expenses, \$780,997,996, and the net earnings, \$390,409,347. The dividends paid amounted to \$97,164,743. The surplus over operating expenses, etc., was \$14,036,056.

The number of employes killed was 2,554, being less than the number killed during the previous year. The number injured, however, was in excess of the previous year, being 28,367. The number of passengers killed was largely in excess, being 376 in 1892, against 293 in 1891, while the number injured was 3,377 in 1892, against 2,973 in 1891. For every 222 employes one was killed and one employ of each twenty-nine in the service was in jured. A similar comparison shows that one passenger was killed for each 1,491,910 and one passenger was killed for each 1,491,910 and one passenger may be for the large number of casualties to employes resulted from coupling and uncoupling cars. Collisions and derailments were responsible for the large number of casualties to passengers.

A SCARCITY OF TRUSTS. SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Oct. 5.—The secretary of state has so far failed to find a corporation in Illinois which acknowledges membership in any trust, pool or combina tion in restraint of trade. Of the 25,000 circular letters sent out a couple of weeks circular letters sent out a couple of weeks ago, 3,000 have been returned undelivered, the corporations to which they were addressed having evidently gone out of business. Up to this date about 4,000 replies have been received. A thousand of these say they are no longer doing business and are practically defunct. Another thousand have made defective affidavits, which will be returned to them. The remaining 2,000 of the number having replied have paid the \$1 fee and filled out the affidavit satisfactority.

actorily.
Secretary Hinrichsen anticipates that Secretary Hinrichsen anticipates that practically all of the corporations will report before the expiration of the thirty days fixed by law. A number of the larger corporations, popularly supposed to be under the control of trusts, notably the straw-board concerns and the farming implement factories, make affidavit to the contrary. Some of the distillery corporations, whose plants are now being operated by the whisky trust, have answered that they have disposed of their property and are not now engaged in business, but as the records do not snow their charters to have been surrendered, the secretary of state is not disposed to accept their affidavits as conclusive, and is now in correspondence with them. If it transpires that they are not doing business their charters will be canceled. This is true also of all other corporations which have

AND WINTER SHOES

14 Section 19 S

## TERRITORIAL

THE STRIP-OPENING FRAUDS TO BE GIVEN AN AIRING.

The Government to be Asked to Inquire Into the Charges Against the Booth Officials.

The Movement to Secure the Opening of the Fort Sill Country to White Settlement Started by Texans.

The Count of the Votes Cast in the Choctaw Election Gives the Offices to the Locke Faction-The Advantage of the Town of Medford as a Trading Point- Points From Pond Creek The Mulhall Robber-General

OKLAHOMA CITY, O. T., Oct., 5 .- The strip have at last been aroused over the enormity of the frauds incident to the recent opening of the strip, and are wiring Delegate Flynn at Washington to force an

cent opening of the strip, and are wiring Delegate Flynn at Washington to force an investigation more complete than that already started—an investigation which is asked for by both Democrats and Republicans. It is claimed that it will disclose a great many cases of fraud that have not yet come to the surface.

The people claim that besides the alleged corruption practiced at the registration booths by by the soldiers, a steal of much larger proportions was perpetrated in the heart of the city of Perry. It is alleged that, with the aid of the soldiers, certain government officials and deputy marshals stole a whole block of valuable lots in Perry, on which they have been allowed to settle. It is also now charged that at Perry bribery and corruption in the line waiting to file was open and unblushing, and was not interfered with by the officers in charge of the land office.

The examination into the killing of John R. Hill of New Jersey, now being carried on by the government at Ark ansas City, has developed the fact that the bribery of the booth officials through the soldiers who were on guard at the booths was boldly and systematically carried on.

THE FORT SILL COUNTRY.

state is not conclusive, affidavits as conclusive, affidavits as conclusive, and the concepted. This is true also of all other corporations which have ceased to do business, many of which are controlling valuable franchises, even in their corporate name, which other companies would be glad to put to a profitable use. Many corporations are found to concept the content of the propertions are found to entertain the erroneous notion that because they are not touched by the new true of maintrivus tlaw, but it is their device or result of the secretary of state, as the law are not to the secretary of state, as the law of the companies of the law on the ground that, by a recent decision of the federal court in a Kanass case, the anti-trust act of congress is held not to apply to railroad companies have raised to develop the companies and this view will probably or makes no distinction between different of the point that they are exempt from the congress is held not to apply to railroad companies have raised to develop the congress is held not to apply to railroad companies. A copy of the opening of the form of the federal court in a Kanass case, the anti-trust act of congress is held not to apply to railroad companies. When the companies have railed to the companies of the law on the ground that, by a recent decision of the federal court in a Kanass case, the anti-trust act of congress is held not to apply to railroad companies. A composition of the federal court in a Kanass case, the anti-trust act of congress is held not to apply to railroad companies. When the companies have raised the point that they are exempt from the substitution of the federal court in a Kanass case, the anti-trust act of congress is held not to apply to railroad companies. A composition formed that the point of the federal court which brought about the opening of the same earnestness on the point of the federal court which brought and the conditions.

Pond CREEK POINTS.

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Pond CREEK point is the sale tha

to the Choctaw council this afternoon. He congratulates the members on the excellent condition of the country. Peace, plenty and prosperity have prevailed among the people. He deplores the greed of the white man for the Indian lands, and urges his people to stand firmly by what they have, for when this was gone there was none left for them. He recommends the appointment of delegates to Washington to watch congress and to protect the interest of the Choctaw. The message is conservative in tone and made a good impression.

THE TOWN OF MEDFORD.

MEDFORD, O. T., Oct. 5 - [Special.] -This town is seventeen miles south of Caldwell, on the Rock Island, laid out on two Indian allotments, in the center of a large sweep of prairie as rich in good soil as nature could make it. It has no immediate rival claiming a fraction of the trade that rightfully belongs to it. It has no enemies. It is like the homesteader who has both settled and filed, and is now plowing and building, with friendly neighbors on all sides, but none on his claim. Medford is fortunate in name, in neighbors on all sides, but none on his claim. Medford is fortunate in name, in geographical location and country to support it. It starts with a settled country. It does not have to wait for the country to fill up. Three newspapers, the Medford Journal, the Medford Monitor and the Medford Patriot, Republican, populist and independent, are aiready established, evidencing their faith in the population of the town and country. The Patriot's office is complete, owning the building and let, and material sufficient for a daily. The Patriot and Monitor have job offices.

As proof of the trade that will center here, George N. Norris, the wholesale grocer of Wichita, will put in as large a stock as there is in the territory. This may surprise some people not acquainted wita Medford's advantages, but Mr. Norris will not rent but will begin his building on his own lots this week. The newspapers prove the population, and the wholesale grocer proves the trade of Medford and its territory.

The Euid land district is divided into two counties, O and L. The two Ends are located in the center of O, or the southern county. Medford is located in the center of L, or the north county, its sight having been chosen by Judge Low of Topeka. He recognized it as the legitimate and strategic trading point of this county, or as a location on the map that the railroad would be justified in contributing to make such a point.

Among the investors this week is exDelegate Harvey of Oklahoma City, buying five lots for immediate improvement. He calls Medford the safest proposition in the strip. There are others who agree with him.

THE CHEROKEE BONDS.

FORT SMITH, Ark., Oct. 8.—The report that St. Louis parties had made an offer for the Cherokee bouds has aroused interest in this question once more. If the deal is consummated it means the distribution in the Cherokee nation of the enormous sum of \$8,500,000. When the strip sale was made and ratified, and it looked as though the money would be paid out in a short time, the merchants all over the nation invested heavily in all kinds of merchandise and sold goods to the Indians against their per capits payment. Many of the people have exhausted their expected share of the sale money, and the merchants have been compelled to shut down on the credit system. The longer the sale of bond is deferred the more embarasing the situation becomes, and in

THE PAN-AMERICAN CONVENTION WINDS UP ITS WORK.

The Majority Report of the Committee on Resolutions Adopted as Originally Reported.

Governor Tillman of South Carolina Advocates a Political Union of the Western and Southern States

His Part in the Hamburg Race Riots Alleged to be Justified by the Necessity of Protecting the State From the Evils of Negro Domination-The Executives of the Palmetto and Sunflower States Strike an Attitade-General Notes-

Sr. Louis, Oct. 5.-The last day of the

opened an hour late. a supplemental report, unfavorably passing upon the proposition of Thomas W. Har-ren to take action looking to the indorsement of the removal of the national capiing and circulation of the address made yesterday by Walter N. Allen of Kansas upon the "exception clause" of the coinage law. The report was adopted without

The question came then upon the adoption of the report of the resolution com-

ion of the report of the resonant mittee.

Delegate Waterbury of Kansas moved the amendment of the report by the addition of the proposition presented by H. M. Taylor of Old Mexico, favoring an increase of the volume of currency by the issue of legal tender notes seemed by land values.

Upon this metion Delegate Concrane of Missouri took the floor in opposition to any and all efforts to say or do anything in the convention upon the money question other than fully and entirely to indorse the free coinage of silver.

in the convention upon the money question other than fully and entirely to indorse the free coinage of silver.

Mr. H. M. Taylor of Old Mexico replied in defense of his proposition.

Governor Tillinan of South Carolina, for the majority of the committee, declared that it was the desire of his committee to concentrate the efforts of the convention upon the central purpose (bimetallism), and for that reason it seemed to them unwise to seek more now, no matter how alluring the prospect.

Governor Waite of Colorado begged the convention not to be diverted from the one great issue until the success of himetallism showed Wall street to have lost its grip upon legislation. It was impossible to secure any other form of flustical legislation. As to the west and south, they could control the politics of the country if it became necessary. He declared his belief that there were millions of money now in Washington with which to buy congress, and, with such a condition, the south and west must unite.

Other speeches were made in the same strain. Delegates Taylor, Waterbury and Waite withdrew the minority report.

Then, with a motion to adopt the majority report pending, the convention adpourned to 2 o'cleck p. m.

At the afternoon session, pending action upon the report of the resolutions com-